make final decisions about any appraisal disputes that are brought by participating homeowners. The subgrantee is accountable to the State, as well as to us, for the use of funds.

(d) Participating homeowners. The participating homeowners will notify the community of their interest to participate; provide necessary information to the community coordinator about property ownership, disaster damage, and other disaster benefits received or available; review the offer made from the community; and accept it or request a review appraisal.

# § 209.4 Allocation and availability of funds.

- (a) We will allocate available funds based on the number and value of properties that meet the eligibility criteria and whose owners want to participate in an acquisition or elevation project.
- (b) We may reallocate funds for which we do not receive and approve adequate applications. We will obligate most available funds within 12 months following the deadline for submitting applications, unless extenuating circumstances exist.

## § 209.5 Applicant eligibility.

The following are eligible to apply to the State for a grant:

- (a) State and local governments;
- (b) Indian tribes or authorized tribal organizations. A tribe may apply either to the State or directly to us; and
- (c) Qualified private nonprofit organizations.

#### § 209.6 Project eligibility.

- (a) Eligible types of project activities. This grant authority is for projects to acquire floodprone properties and demolish or relocate structures per \$209.10(i), or to elevate floodprone structures. Approved projects must meet the following criteria and comply with all other program requirements described in this rule:
- (b) *Eligibility criteria*. To be eligible, projects must:
- (1) Be cost effective. The State will complete an analysis of the cost-effectiveness of the project, in accordance with our guidance and using a methodology that we approve. We will review the State's analysis;

- (2) Include only properties that:
- (i) For acquisition, the owner agrees to sell voluntarily:
- (ii) Are within the 100-year floodplain based on best available data or as identified by a FIRM or FEMA-approved Disaster Recovery Map;
- (iii) Were made uninhabitable (as certified by an appropriate State or local official) by the effects of a declared major disaster during federal fiscal years 1999 or 2000;
- (iv) For acquisition, had a pre-event fair market value of less than \$300,000 just before the disaster event. Properties submitted for buyout under Pub. L. 106–113 (the original Hurricane Floyd supplemental buyout program) are exempt from this policy, with the limitation that in no case does the Federal share or offer for any such property exceed \$225,000; and
- (v) Served as the principal residence for the owner. For multifamily units such as condominium buildings, all units within the structure should be principal residences of the owners and not sublet.
- (3) Conform with 44 CFR part 9, Floodplain Management and Protection of Wetlands; 44 CFR part 10, Environmental Considerations; and any applicable environmental and historic preservation laws and regulations.
- (c) For acquisition projects, an owner who is not a United States citizen or qualified alien may receive current fair market value for his or her property. He or she may not receive additional amounts for pre-event fair market value.
- (d) Funds available under Pub. L. 106–113 (the original Floyd supplemental appropriation) are limited to use for acquisition purposes only.

### § 209.7 Priorities for project selection.

- (a) It is the State's responsibility to identify and select eligible buyout projects for funding under the supplemental grant program. All funded projects must be consistent with the State Hazard Mitigation Plan. The mitigation planning process or any other appropriate means may identify buyout and elevation projects.
- (b) States will set priorities in their State mitigation plan to use as the basis for selecting projects for funding.

#### § 209.8

The State's priorities will address, at a minimum, substantially damaged properties, repetitive loss target properties, and such other criteria that the State deems necessary to comply with the law. States and subgrantees are to give priority consideration to projects for acquisition or elevations of repetitive loss properties, and must include all eligible repetitive loss properties in the projects submitted to us for funding.

[66 FR 32669, June 15, 2001; 66 FR 49554, Sept. 28, 2001, as amended at 74 FR 15353, Apr. 3, 2009]

# § 209.8 Application and review process.

- (a) General. This section describes the procedures to be used by the State in submitting an application for funding under the Supplemental Property Acquisition and Elevation Assistance program. Under this program, the State is the grantee and is responsible for processing subgrants to applicants in accordance with 44 CFR part 13 and this part.
- (b) Timeframes. We will establish deadlines for States to submit applications, and States will set local application deadlines. States may begin forwarding applications to us immediately upon Notice of Availability of Funds and must forward all applications not later than the date set by the Regional Administrator. States must provide to us the information described below in paragraph (c) of this section for each property proposed for acquisition or elevation in support of the supplemental allocation requested and within the timeframe that we establish. We will verify project eligibility estimates provided by States in order to assure that all projects meet the criteria for the supplemental grant awards. We will perform an independent verification of this information for not less than 50 percent of the properties submitted.
- (c) Format. The State will forward its application to the Regional Administrator. The Application will include: a Standard Form (SF) 424, Application for Federal Assistance; FEMA form 20–15, Budget Information—Construction Programs; Project Narrative (section 209.8(c)—community project applications (buyout plans) selected by the

State); FEMA form 20–16, 20–16b and 20–16c Assurances and Certifications; Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities; FEMA form 20–10, Financial Status Report; the Performance/Progress Report format; and the State's certification that the State has reviewed all applications and that they meet program eligibility criteria. The Project Narrative (community project applications) will include:

- (1) Community applicant information, including contact names and numbers;
- (2) Description of the problem addressed by the proposed project;
- (3) Description of the applicant's decision-making process, including alternatives considered;
- (4) Project description, including property locations/addresses and scope of activities:
- (5) Project cost estimate and match source:
- (6) For acquisition projects, open space use description and maintenance assurance:
- (7) Risk and cost-effectiveness information, or State's benefit-cost analysis;
- (8) Environmental and historic preservation information including
- (i) Whether the property is now or ever has been used for commercial or industrial purposes, and
- (ii) Any information regarding historic preservation that is readily available:
- (9) Attachments for each property as follows:
- (i) A photograph of the structure from the street;
  - (ii) Owner's name;
- (iii) Complete address, including zip code:
  - (iv) Latitude and longitude;
  - (v) The date of construction;
- (vi) Proximity to the 100-year flood-plain;
- (vii) Panel and date of the applicable Flood Insurance Rate Map, if any:
- (viii) The elevation of the first habitable floor and an estimate of the depth of flooding in the structure;
- (ix) The estimated pre-event fair market value of the home. Applicants will estimate the value of properties using the best available information, such as inspections, public records and